DHT11 Temperature and Humidity Sensor

Module: KY0015

Introduction:

This DHT11 Temperature and Humidity Sensor features calibrated digital signal output with the temperature and humidity sensor complex. Its technology ensures high reliability and excellent long-term stability. A high-performance 8-bit microcontroller is connected.

This sensor includes a resistive element and a sense of wet NTC temperature measuring devices. It has advantages of excellent quality, fast response, anti-interference ability and high cost performance.

Each DHT11 sensor features extremely accurate calibration data of humidity calibration chamber. The calibration coefficients stored in the OTP program memory, internal sensors detect signals in the process, and we should call these calibration coefficients. The single-wire serial interface system is integrated to make it quick and easy. Qualities of small size, low power, and 20-meter signal transmission distance makes it a wide +application and even the most demanding one. Convenient connection, special packages can be provided according to users need.

Specification:

Supply Voltage: +5 V
Temperature Range: 0-50 °C error of ± 2 °C
Humidity: 20-90% RH ± 5% RH error
Interface: Digital
Size: 30*20mm
Weight: 4g

Reference program :

```
#include <dht11.h>
dht11 DHT;
#define DHT11_PIN 4

void setup(){
 Serial.begin(9600);
 Serial.println("DHT TEST PROGRAM ");
 Serial.print("LIBRARY VERSION: ");
 Serial.println(DHT11LIB_VERSION);
 Serial.println();
 Serial.println("Type,\tstatus,\tHumidity (%),\tTemperature (C)");
}

void loop(){
 int chk;
 Serial.print("DHT11, \t");
 chk = DHT.read(DHT11_PIN);    // READ DATA
 switch (chk){
  case DHTLIB_OK:
        Serial.print("OK,\t");
        break;
  case DHTLIB_ERROR_CHECKSUM:
        Serial.print("Checksum error,\t");
        break;
  case DHTLIB_ERROR_TIMEOUT:
        Serial.print("Time out error,\t");
        break;
  default:
        Serial.print("Unknown error,\t");
        break;
 }
 // DISPLAT DATA
 Serial.print(DHT.humidity,1);
 Serial.print(",\t");
 Serial.println(DHT.temperature,1);
 delay(1000);
}
```